

# INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

### CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY

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ARMY review completed.

25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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INFORMATION REPORT INFORMATION REPORT

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25 YEAR RE-REVIEW

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### INFORMATION ON RE-ENLISTEES WITHIN THE SOVIET ARMY

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set up for re-enlistee personnel.		position held, regardless of rank and according to a set pay-scale	2
		set up for re-enlistee personnel.	_`
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c. Uniforms

Upon becoming a re-enlistee, an individual was issued a new uniform of a much better grade of material than that of uniforms issued to conscripts. The color of this uniform was similar to an officer's, a dark-green shade. Boots were also similar to officer's, having re-enlistees were a high polish and gloss. Also issued uniform material free or charge; this could be sewed and made into uniforms, with the re-enlistee only paying the tailoring cost involved.

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re-enlistees might wear either the "pilotka" or the "furashka" (service cap or service hat). In most cases, they seemed to prefer wearing the "furashka" (service hat). 25X1

Special Insignia Indicating Re-enlistment

wore a gold-colored cloth "V" Each re-enlistee chevron on the left sleeve to indicate that he was a re-enlistee.

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e. Pares

the re-enlistee, unlike the ordinary soldier, id leave the military caserne area without escort during and after ty hours. Prior to 1955 the re-enlistee also could go to town withthis was ut permission, but changed in early 1955 so that the re-enlistee first had to receive permission from his CO prior to leaving. it was mandatory for this to be a written permission leave the looked upon as only a formality. However, military caserne area without escort with this CO's permission.

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Admittance to Officers' Clubs

Re-enlistees have the privilege of entering officer theaters and clubs, much in the same manner as officers. Again this was amended in early 1955 so that subsequently permission had to be obtained prior to such entry. However, this was looked upon only as another formality.

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Quarters

lived separately from the ordinary Re-enlistees\_ soldier. In the case of his regiment, they lived above regimental headquarters, where the bachelor officers of the regiment lived. Normally each re-enlistee had a separate room although it became necessary in 1954 to "double up" because of the unexpectedly large number that became re-enlistees (see section 5). Of the total number of re-enlistees within the regiment, only one did not live in the BOQ. \_\_\_\_\_\_ this one re-enlistee was sharing a room with a conscript first sergeant of one of the line the privilege of living "off post" companies not\_exist

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Mess Facilities

Re-enlistees had the privilege of eating in the officers' dining room Since this entailed the payment of approximately 80 to 100 East German marks per month, however, the great majority of

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	re-enlistees preferred to eat in the enlisted mess because of the money they could save.	25X1 25X1
i.	Furloughs	
	Furlough privileges for re-enlistees were the same as those given to officers Each re-enlistee was entitled to a furlough of 45 days per year plus travel time. In addition, when travelling they were entitled to use fast passenger trains rather than having to travel in freight cars or going through a collecting point for the purpose of awaiting transportation, as was the case for the conscript.	25X1
j.	Dependents	;
	a re-enlistee might marry without permission.	25X1
k.	Discipline	. •
	Mark more leniency in punishment seemed to be extended to re-enlistees that also might be due to the fact that a re-enlistee did work of a more important nature. The absence of such an individual from his position would therefore be felt more than that of a conscript.  this leniency contributed much to the general heavy drinking and laxity in discipline among re-enlistees that although liquor was forbidden within the confines of the military caserne (even in the officer clubs since 1955) the CO's "closed their eyes" as long as drinking was kept within bounds and did not affect the performance of individuals.	25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1 25X1
1.	Working Hours	
	the re-enlistee worked only eight hours a day, while the conscript had a longer duty day and/or worked until relieved by the order of the appropriate CO. the re-enlistee did only the work required by his duty position; he did not have to participate in the regular tactical training taken by the ordinary soldier or in any additional work.	25X1 25X1
m.	Weapons Carried	
÷ [	the re-enlistee was supposed to be armed with the weapon prescribed for the duty position held. However, re-enlistees preferred a pistol, and they obtained them by any means possible and used them in place of the prescribed weapon. this was a privilege because of the greater ease and comfort of the pistol.	25X1
n.	Termination of Service	
1	Upon the voluntary demobilization of a re-enlistee under honorable condition, he returned to the USSR on a passenger-type train without escort, just as though he were an officer. On the other hand, a re-enlistee discharged involuntarily was handled like an ordinary	÷

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soldier.	
Attitude of Officers Toward Re-enlistees	25X1
On the whole officers treated re-enlistees in a much more friendly manner than they did conscripts. They drank with them, ate, and lived together with them; they showed them greater leniency in cases where	25X1
infractions or regulations occurred. Officers looked	25 <b>X</b> 1
upon re-enlistees as being somewhat below an officer but higher than the ordinary conscripted soldier. Officers continually	25X1
agitated for the excellent soluters to re-entist, usually citing the ad-	
vantages of better pay and other such privilegesin most cases, the individual deemed to be an excellent soldier was not necessaril that individual who would be successful outside.	25X′ У
ther Reasons for Re-enlistment	
men commonly re-enlisted for several reasons beyond the privileges enumerated in section 2 of this report. These would be a situation at home in which the man was unable to "get along", the absence of parents and thus of any family and/or home ties, a man not having sufficient education and/or training which would qualify him for a good job in civilian life and not having anything to look forward to except	25X <sup>2</sup>
coing back to a collective farm. Also, a re-enlistee could save a large sum of money because of the relatively high pay scale, and could then go back home with enough to spend and live comfortably for a long time.	25X <sup>2</sup>

### Periods of Enlistment

each re-enlistment was for a two-year period.

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#### Number of Enlistments

Prior to 1954		it was
normal However, 25 conscripts The regimental CO disa	for re-enlistments to number two attempted to become "sverkhsrochm.pproved six of these applications	iki's'in 1954.
apparently adverse rep	orts forwarded by their unit or seripts seven were discharged during	ection CO's. Of

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## (1) Re-enlistees of more than one re-enlistment

Sgt Nikolai E. Vatazok 1st Sgt (fnu) Beleshev Pvt (nu)

Clerk of finance section First sergeant of 85 mm Btry Musician

Army-Wide Data on Re-Enlistees	
no solid information to the number of possible percentage of	25X1
"sverkhsrachniki's" within the Army. Based on rumor, hearsay and convergence estimate that less than or approximately one percent	25X1
of Soviet Army EM was composed of re-enlistees.	25X1
	25X1
Promotions	
enlistee did not receive an automatic promotion in grade on re-enlistment, grade did not de-	25 <b>X</b> 1
over the grade held prior to this.  termine the amount of pay received, only the duty position held determined termine the amount of pay received, only the duty position held determined it. Even though an individual might have a grade higher than that called it. Even though an individual might have a grade when he took the	25 <b>X</b> 1
position. no attempt was made to place a man in a	25 <b>X</b> 1

CONFIDENTIAL 25X1 - 7 position equal to his grade or previous position held. Knowledge of duty position to be filled was the prime requisite. 25X1 Re-Enlistment Procedures a. Processing of Application 25X1 the following was regimental procedure for individuals desiring to re-enlist: 25X1 (1) A request, either written or oral request made either way), was submitted approximately two months prior to the end of the present tour of service to the CO of the unit. (2) The unit CO wrote a report on the particular soldier, covering his ability and character. He wrote it either directly upon written request or separately and submitted it to the Chief of Personnel Section, Regimental Headquarters. (3) The Chief of Personnel Section gathered all such requests and submitted to Regimental CO for approval or disapproval. Upon approval of request by Regimental CO, an order was cut stating that the individual concerned had been accepted as a "sverkhsrochnik" for a period of two years. Note of Division in Processing Applications Although a list of all re-enlistees within the regiment was sent to division 25X1 the Regimental CO was the final approving authority on requests for re-enlistment. However, source stated, if a re-enlistee 25X1 was discharged for cause, the order came down from division, and regiment could not itself discharge such a re-enlistee. He added that in some respects the order for discharge of certain re-enlistees Regimental Headquarters. Undoubtedly division had 25X1 25X1 been informed secretly (or not through regimental headquarters) of re-enlistees who were "undisciplined" or not performing their duties satisfactorily because of excessive drinking, fraternization, etc. . Documentation After being appointed a "sverkhsrochnik", the following additional steps had to be taken. Documents were obtained or filled out and turned in to regiment for file within the individual folder kept on each re-enlistee 25X1 This folder contained the following information on each re-enlistee, 25X1 25X1 Initial request of re-enlistee (this was not mandatory for reasons stated previously in this report). 25X1 Report written by re-enlistee's unit CO. Character reference of Regimental Komsomol or Party organization, which was obtained personally by the re-enlistee concerned. Of all the re-enlistees mentioned in this report, only one, Jr Sgt (fnu)

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from their Party or Komsomol unit.

Shaposhnikov (mentioned previously) was not a Komsomol or Party member. He did, however, receive a political character rating from the Komsomol organization. The others received character references

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Statement of service (posluzhnoy list). this was a four-page form questionnaire, filled out by each re-enlistee with his aid and under his observation. It set forth the re-enlistee's parents, Party affiliation, previous service, pre-	25X1 25X1
vious places of employment and other unremembered data.  A medical evaluation from the regimental doctor. This was personally obtained by the re-enlistee concerned.	
A copy of the regimental order appointing the individual a "sverkhs-rochnik".	
A short biography written personally by the re-enlistee concerned.	25X1
Identification Documents of Re-Enlistee	
upon being re-enlisted the individual turned in his service booklet (Sluzhebnaya Kniga) and was issued a grey-colored personal identification booklet consisting of several pages (udostoverenye lichnosti). 3 Upon his being demobilized this was turned in to the individual's Voyenkomat.  carries by the re-enlistee.	25X1 25X1

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